
A37...Drawing Cubic Graphs

OCR

A37

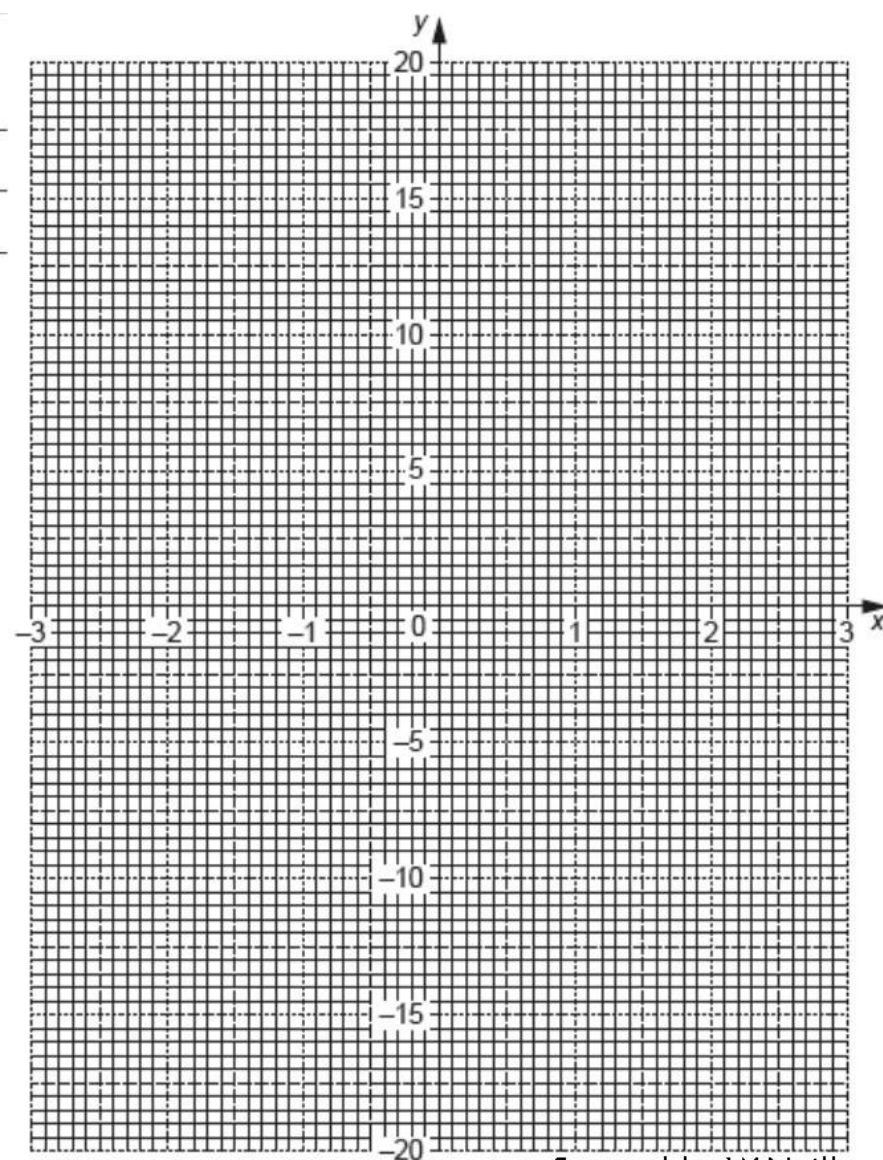
9 (a) Complete the table for $y = x^3 - 3x$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-18	-2		0	-2	2	18

(b) Draw the graph of $y = x^3 - 3x$ for $-3 \leq x \leq 3$.

(c) Use your graph to solve $x^3 - 3x = 10$.

(c) $x =$ [1]



Created by W Neill

9 (a) Complete the table for $y = x^3 - 3x$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-18	-2	2	0	-2	2	18

(b) Draw the graph of $y = x^3 - 3x$ for $-3 \leq x \leq 3$.

$$(-1)^3 - 3(-1) = -1 + 3 = 2$$

$$-1x - 1x - 1 = -1$$

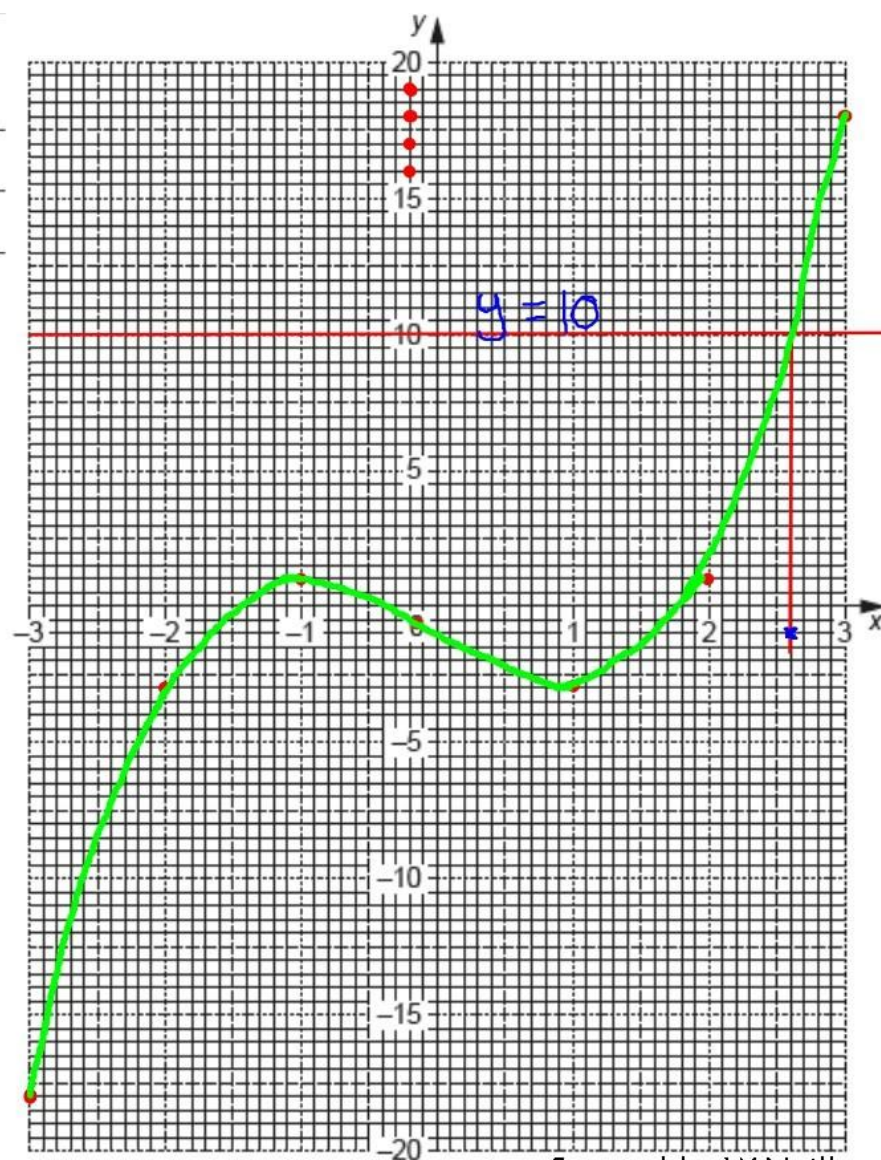
$$3x - 1 = -3 \quad -1 - -3 = -1 + 3 = 2$$

(c) Use your graph to solve $x^3 - 3x = 10$.

$$y = x^3 - 3x \quad y = 10$$

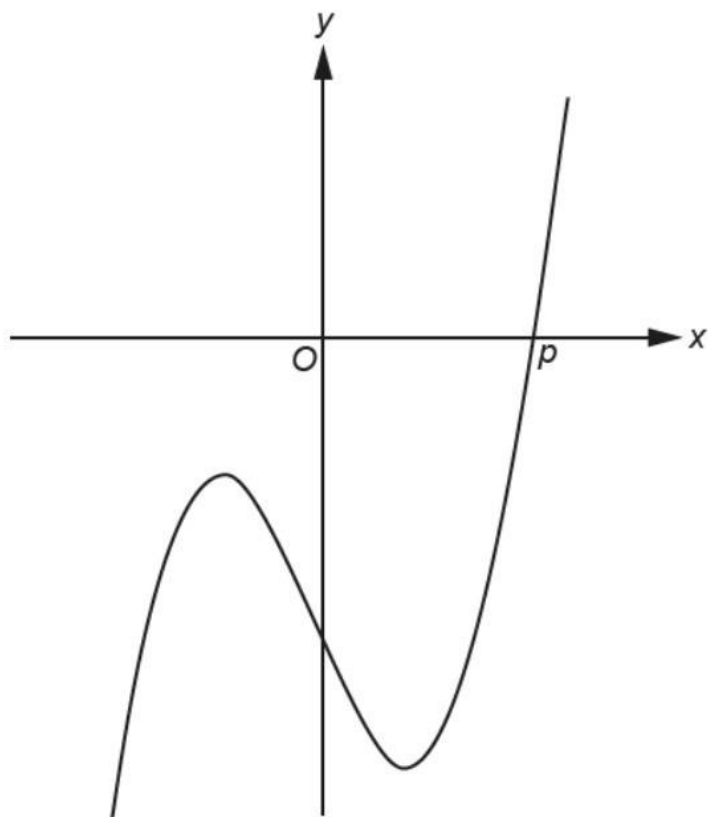
(c) $x = 2.6$ [1]

2.5 — 2.7 ✓



Created by W Neill

- 9 The graph of $y = x^3 - 7x - 12$ is shown below. The root of the equation $x^3 - 7x - 12 = 0$ is p .
- (a) Calculate y when $x = 3$.



(b) Show that $3 < p < 4$.

(c) Find a smaller interval that contains the value of p .
You must show calculations to support your answer.

(c) $< p <$ [3]

- 9 The graph of $y = x^3 - 7x - 12$ is shown below.
The root of the equation $x^3 - 7x - 12 = 0$ is p .

(a) Calculate y when $x = 3$.

$$y = 3^3 - 7(3) - 12$$

$$y = 27 - 21 - 12$$

$$\dots y = -6$$

(b) Show that $3 < p < 4$.

$$x = 3 \dots -6$$

$$x = 4 \dots 4^3 - 7(4) - 12$$

$$\dots 64 - 28 - 12 \dots y = 24$$

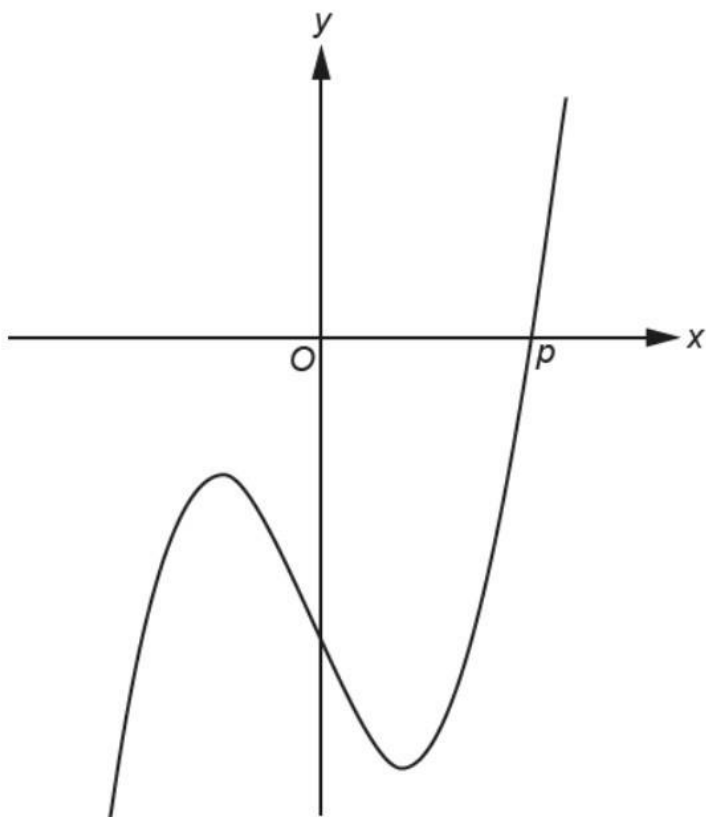
as one is a
neg and one is +
 $\therefore 3 < p < 4$

(c) Find a smaller interval that contains the value of p .
You must show calculations to support your answer.

$$x = 3.1 \dots (3.1)^3 - 7(3.1) - 12 \dots -3.909$$

$$x = 3.9 \dots (3.9)^3 - 7(3.9) - 12 \dots 20.019$$

$$(c) \dots 3.1 < p < 3.9 \dots [3]$$

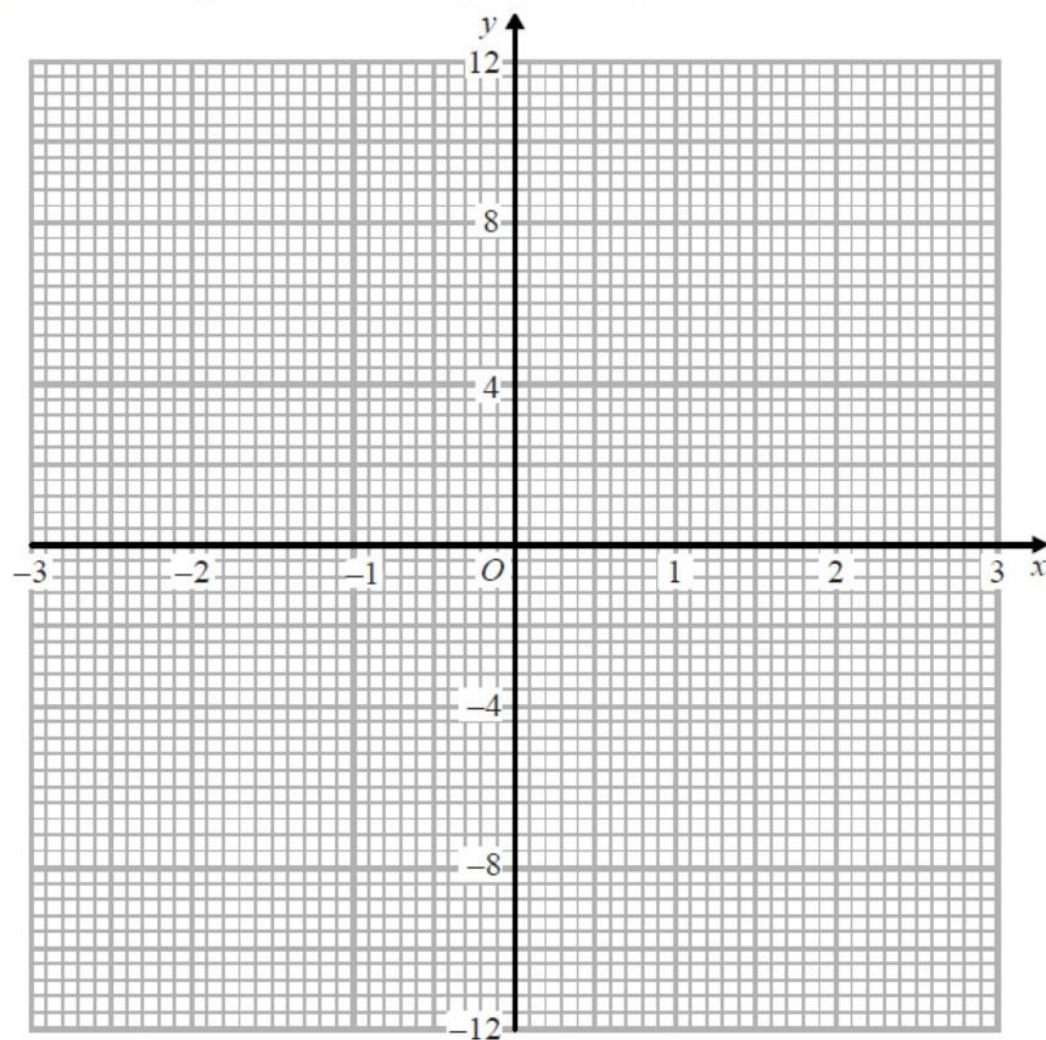


Edexcel

26 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^3 + x^2 - 2x + 1$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2
y		1	3		1	

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^3 + x^2 - 2x + 1$ for values of x from -3 to 2



(2)

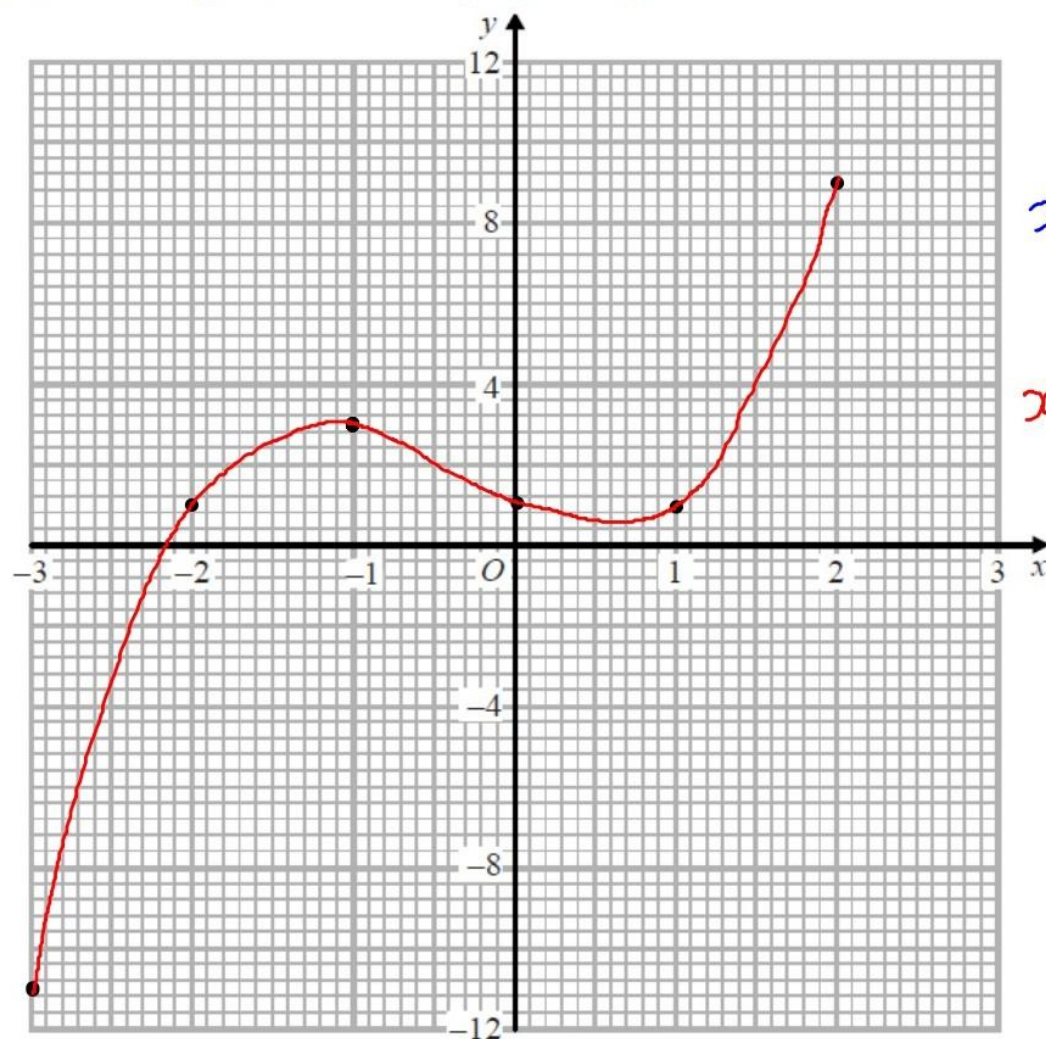
(Total for Question 26 is 4 marks)

26 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^3 + x^2 - 2x + 1$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	-11	1	3	1	1	9

x^3

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^3 + x^2 - 2x + 1$ for values of x from -3 to 2



$$y = x^3 + x^2 - 2x + 1$$

$$x=2 \quad y = 8 + 4 - 4 + 1 = 9$$

$$x=-3 \quad y = -27 + 9 + 6 + 1$$

$$-27 + 16$$

$$-3x - 3x - 3$$

$$-3x - 3 = +9$$

(2)

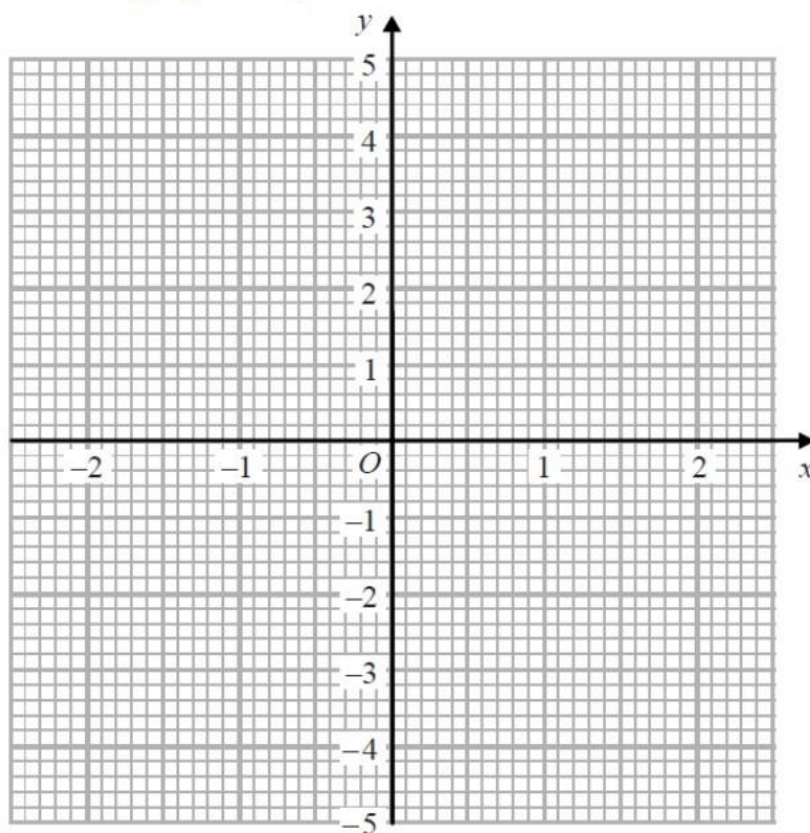
(Total for Question 26 is 4 marks)

27 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^3 - 3x + 1$ (2)

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x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y					

(b) On the grid below, draw the graph of $y = x^3 - 3x + 1$ for values of x from -2 to 2 (2)

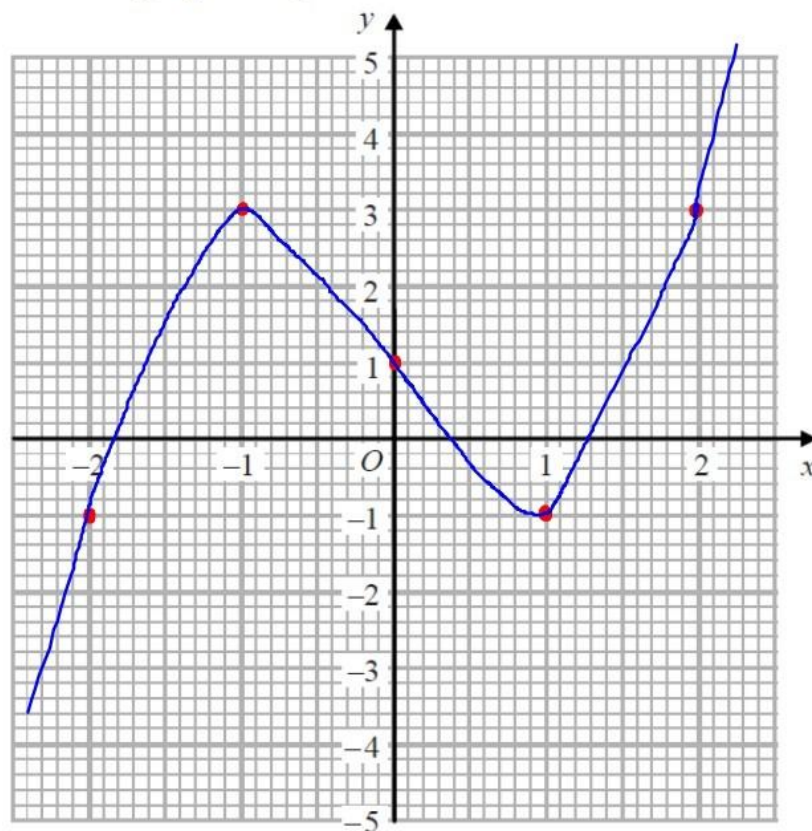


27 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = x^3 - 3x + 1$ (2) 

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x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	-1	3	1	-1	3

(b) On the grid below, draw the graph of $y = x^3 - 3x + 1$ for values of x from -2 to 2 (2)



x^3 

24 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = 5 - x^3$

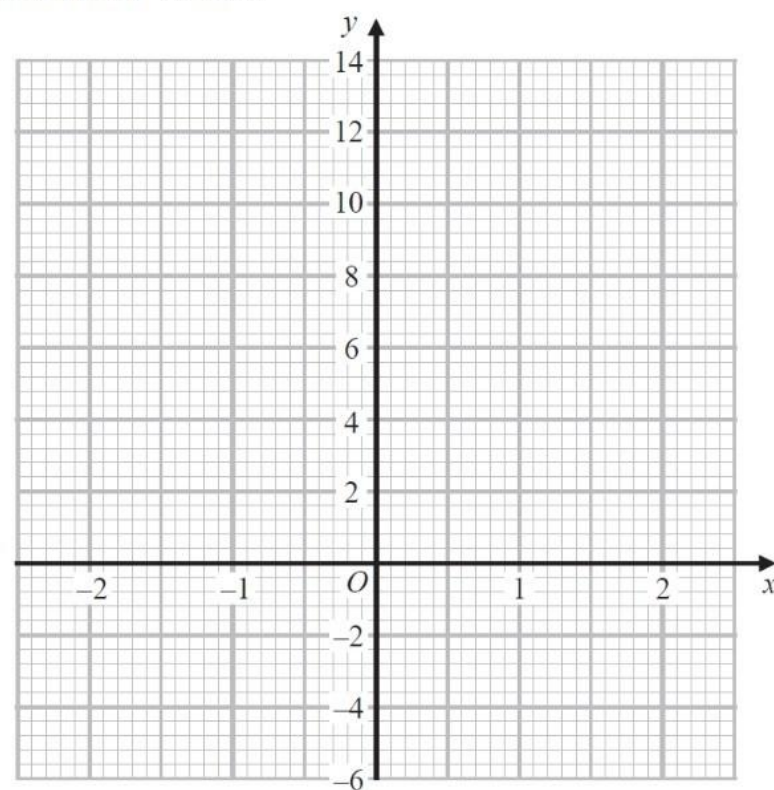
H/F

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x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y		6			

(2)

(b) On the grid below, draw the graph of $y = 5 - x^3$ for values of x from -2 to 2



(2)

24 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = 5 - x^3$

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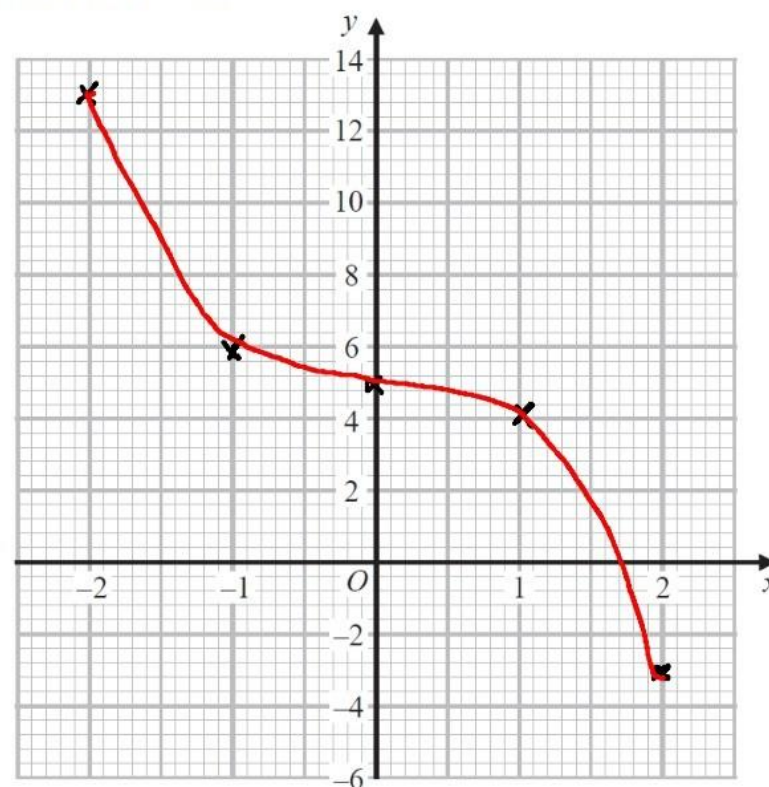
x	-2	-1	0	1	2
y	13	6	5	4	-3

(2)

$$2^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8 \quad \text{H/F}$$

$$y = 5 - 8 = -3$$

(b) On the grid below, draw the graph of $y = 5 - x^3$ for values of x from -2 to 2



(2)

AQA

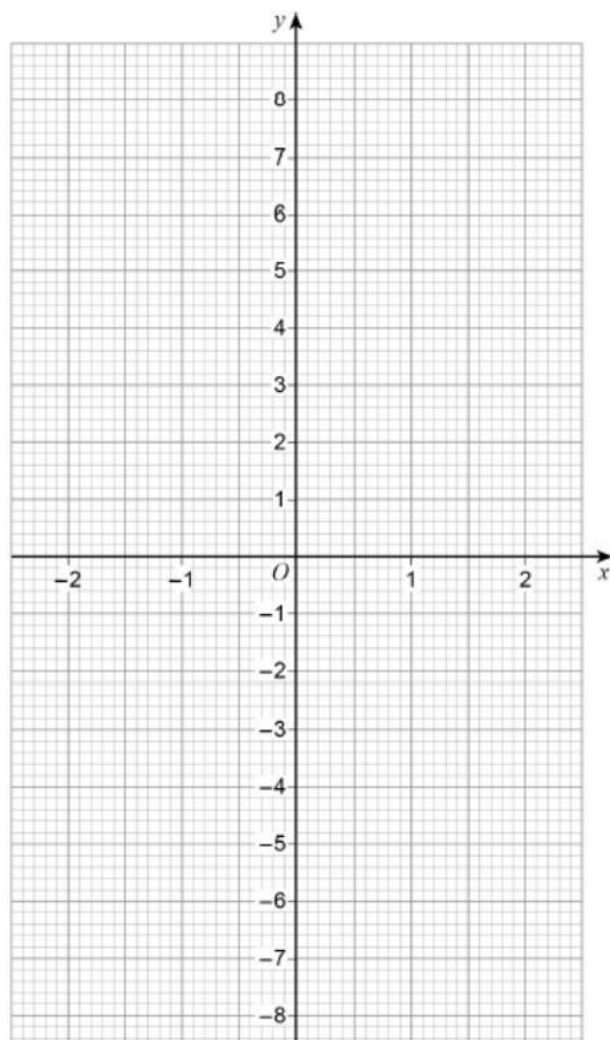
27 (a) $h(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$ for all values of x

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A66

On the grid, draw the graph of the inverse function $y = h^{-1}(x)$ for $-2 \leq x \leq 2$

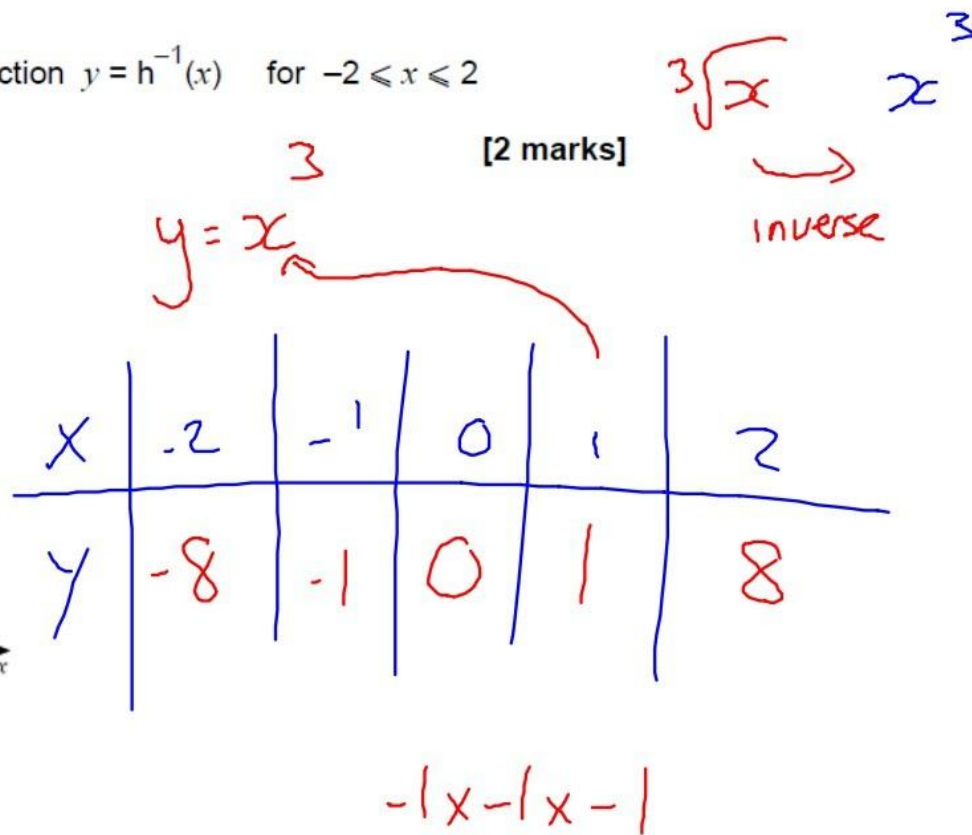
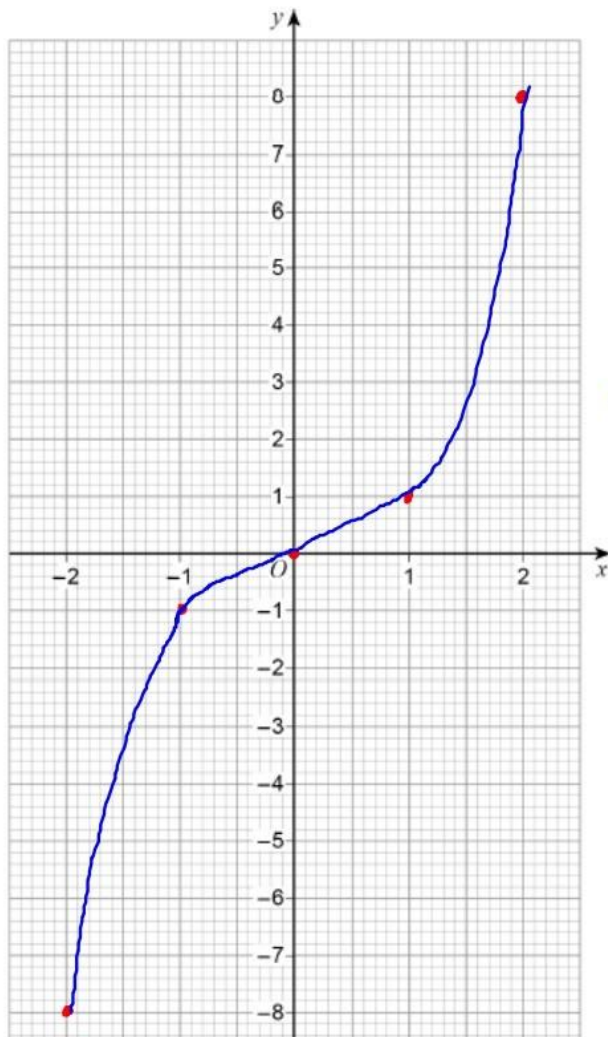
[2 marks]



27 (a) $h(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$ for all values of x

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A66

On the grid, draw the graph of the inverse function $y = h^{-1}(x)$ for $-2 \leq x \leq 2$

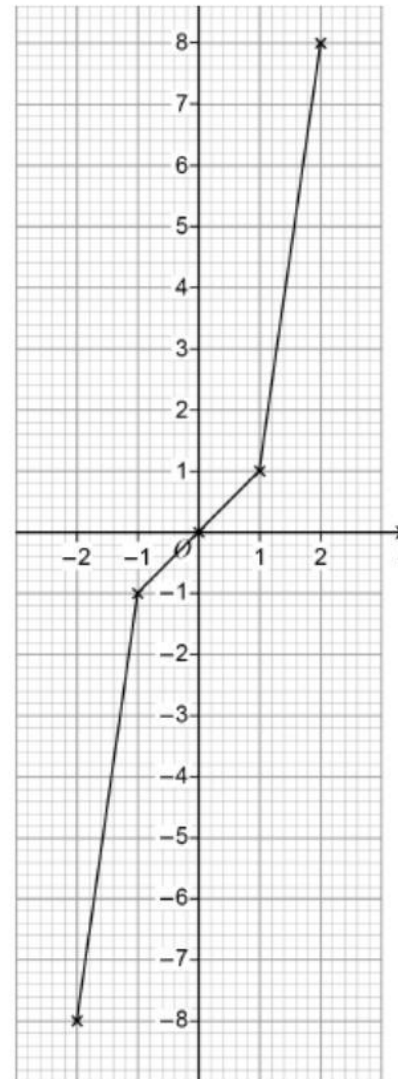


12 Lewis wants to draw the graph $y = x^3$ for values of x from -2 to 2

Here is his graph.

Make **one** criticism of his graph. [1 mark]

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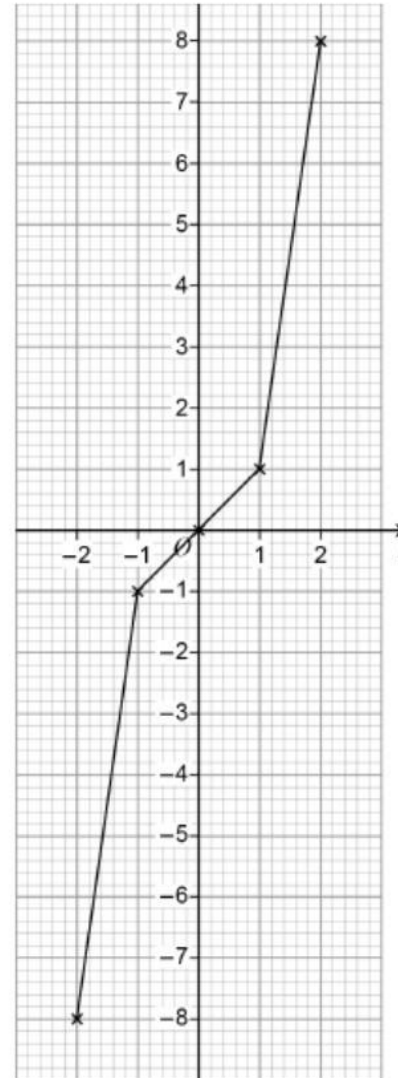
- 12 Lewis wants to draw the graph $y = x^3$ for values of x from -2 to 2

Here is his graph.

Make **one** criticism of his graph. [1 mark]

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Should be a smooth curve.



8

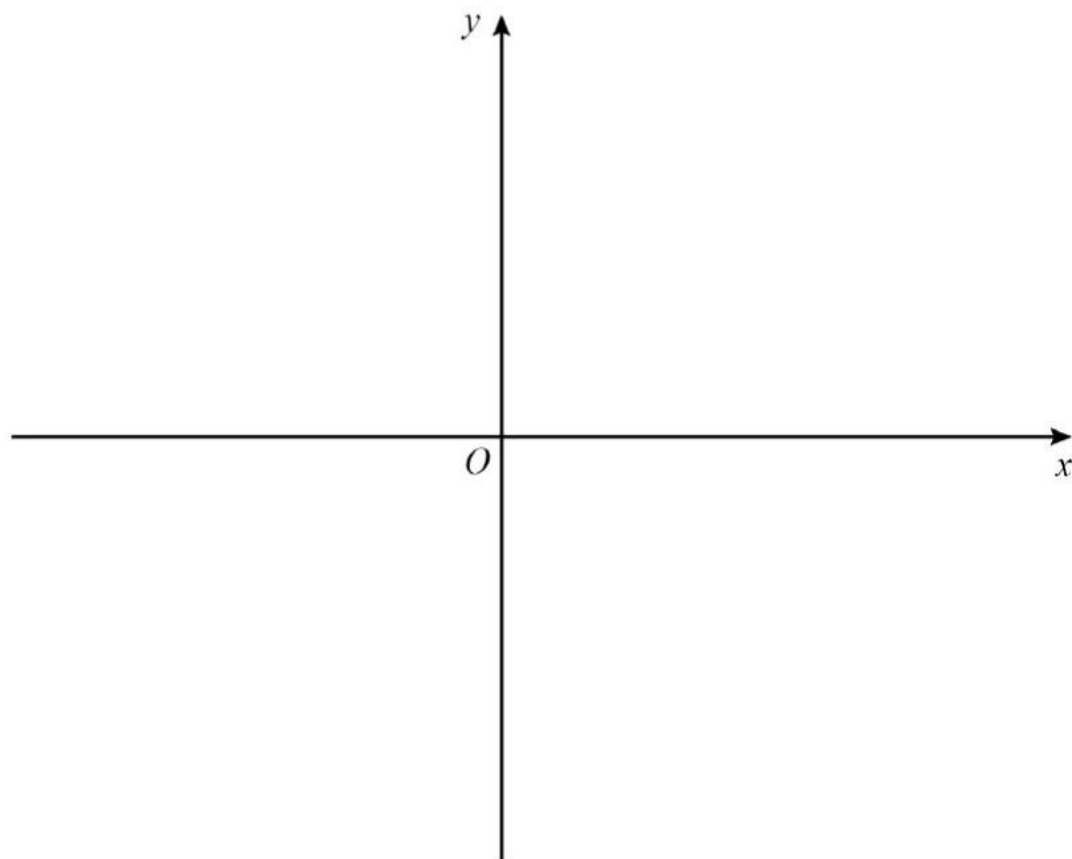
On the axes, sketch the curve $y = x^3 - 2$

You **must** show the coordinates of the y -intercept.

[2 marks]

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A79



8

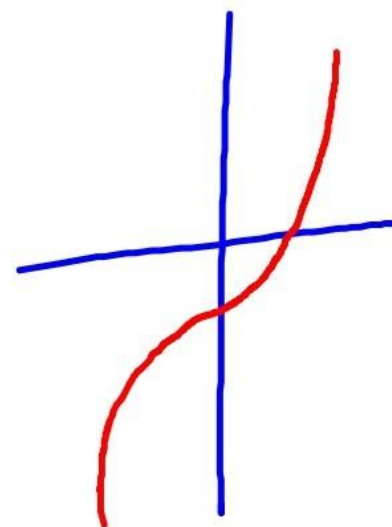
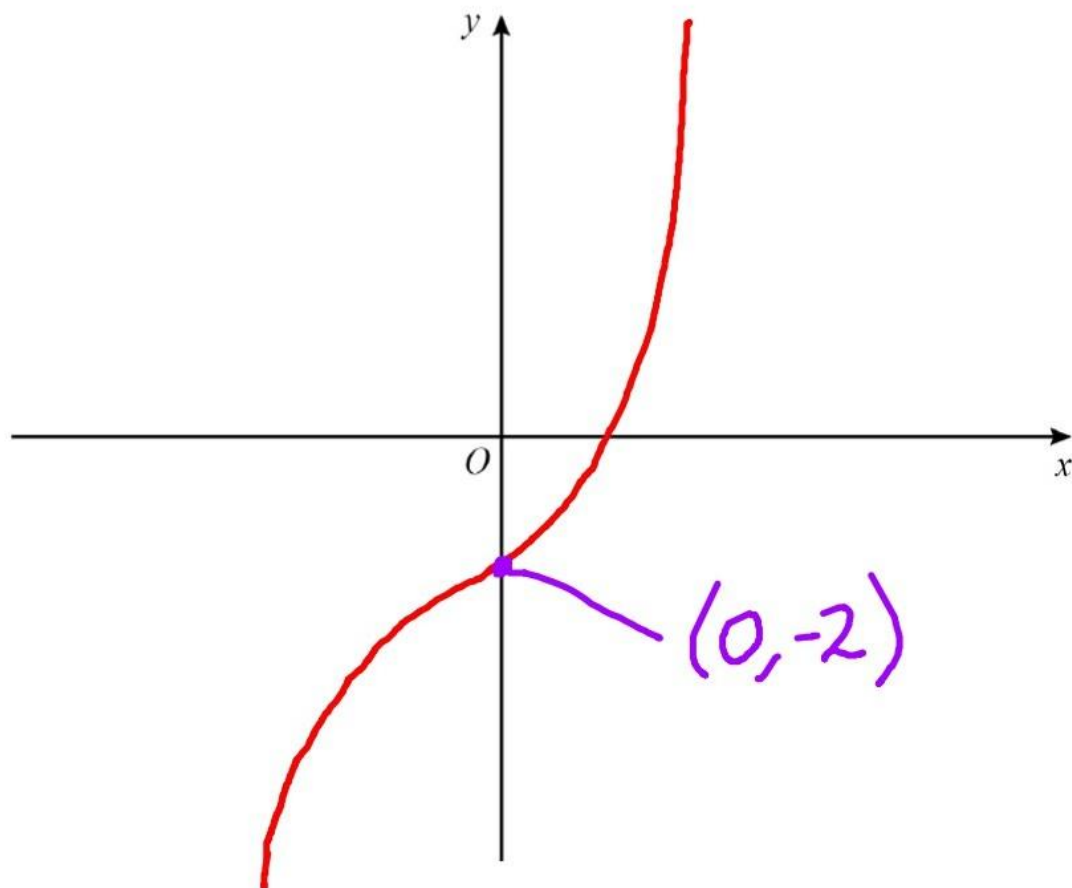
On the axes, sketch the curve $y = x^3 - 2$

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[2 marks]

A37

A79



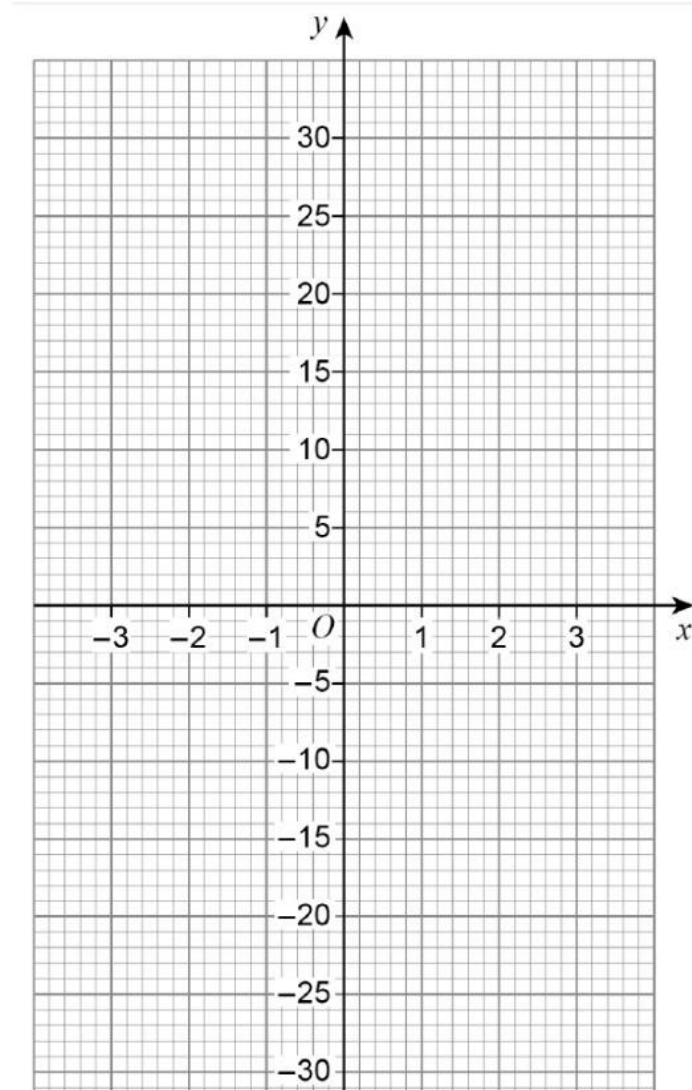
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A graph has equation $y = x^3 + a$ where a is an integer.

The graph passes through the point (3, 29)

Draw the graph for values of x from -3 to 3



14

A graph has equation $y = x^3 + a$ where a is an integer.

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The graph passes through the point $(3, 29)$

Draw the graph for values of x from -3 to 3

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
	-25	-6	1	2	3	10	29

$$y = x^3$$

$$\dots x = 3$$

$$y = 27$$

$$y = x^3$$

$$29 = 3^3$$

$$y = x^3 + 2$$

$$2^3 + 2$$

$$8 + 2$$

$$= 10$$

$$29 = 27 + 2$$

